Industry Group Impact Of Rising Swap Spreads

You've got to hand it to Uncle Sam – and you might as well, because he will take it anyway – for finding a way of announcing they are going to purchase \$600 billion of Treasury bonds with money printed in the basement and then watching as their price fall. I am sure, though; they will find a way to say this was their intention all along.

Military history buffs may recall a similar tactic used by British General Bernard Montgomery during the Normandy campaign: After his troops failed to seize the town of Caen immediately after the landings and after failing for weeks to take it thereafter, he told his American counterparts that his eventual and belated capture of the town, ten miles inland from the beach, was part of his plan all along and that had the Americans been better military men they would have understood it!

Swap Spreads

Let's return to the topic of rising swap spreads, last addressed in <u>March</u>. A rising swap spread reflects a combination of greater financial system stress and a belief rates are poised to rise; they reflect a greater demand by floating-rate payors to fix their payments before rates rise further.

Five-year swap spreads have been rising gently since late July, as highlighted in the trend channel below. The sudden jump in five-year Treasury rates themselves, emphasized with the bright red data points since the last FOMC meeting, arrived two months after the rise in swap spreads, so score one for the cautious and diligent.



Five-Year Swap Spreads Rising Since July

Impact

Now let's look at the industry group impact of rising swap spreads will be using the same methodology discussed in <u>May</u>. A total of 39 industry groups representing 23.38% of the S&P 1500 Supercomposite's market capitalization, concentrated heavily in the financial sector, will be affected negatively (left-hand cells of the table) by rising swap spreads. Thirty-six groups representing 38.53% of market capitalization and concentrated in the healthcare, utility and consumer staple sectors can be expected to outperform in a rising swap spread market.

The net impact is a negative 0.13%. Each one percent increase in swap spread levels can be expected to reduce the S&P 1500 by 0.0013%, all else held equal.

	SPR	SWSP5	Weighted		SPR	SWSP 5	Weighted
	Weight	Beta	Beta		Weight	Beta	Beta
Industrial REITs	0.09%	0.074	0.000	Pharmaceuticals	5.51%	0.024	0.00
Other Diversified Financial Services	3.31%	0.072	0.002	Household Products	2.30%	0.038	0.00
Diversified Banks	1.67%	0.071	0.001	Soft Drinks	2.30%	0.036	0.00
Life & Health Insurers	1.04%	0.065	0.001	Packaged Foods	1.66%	0.034	0.00
Investment Banking & Brokerage	127%	0.061	0.001	Electric Utilities	1.96%	0.026	0.00
Tires & Rubber	0.02%	0.061	0.000	Integrated Telecommunications	2.45%	0.019	0.000
Multiline Insurers	0.40%	0.059	0.000	Biotech	1.42%	0.031	0.000
Asset Management & Custodial Banks	1.15%	0.056	0.001	Tobacco	1.48%	0.029	0.000
Diversified M etals & M ining	0.33%	0.056	0.000	Multiline Utilities	147%	0.028	0.000
Homebuilding	0.16%	0.055	0.000	Hypercenters & Superstores	1.19%	0.034	0.000
Diversified REITs	0.17%	0.055	0.000	Systems Software	2.95%	0.013	0.000
Consumer Finance	0.80%	0.054	0.000	Restaurants	1.29%	0.029	0.000
Coal & Cons. Fuels	0.26%	0.053	0.000	Computer Hardware	3.12%	0.011	0.000
Office REITs	0.31%	0.051	0.000	Healthcare Services	0.75%	0.038	0.000
Automobile Manufacturers	0.39%	0.047	0.000	Data Processing & Outsourcing	1,27%	0.021	0.000
Retail REITs	0.52%	0.044	0.000	Managed Health	0.90%	0.029	0.000
Steel	0.38%	0.041	0.000	IT Consulting & Services	1.81%	0.013	0.000
Residential REITs	0.36%	0.041	0.000	Drug Retailers	0.59%	0.026	0.000
Regional Banks	1.46%	0.041	0.001	Healthcare Distributors	0.42%	0.037	0.000
Multisector Holdings	0.04%	0.041	0.000	Healthcare Equipment	0.42%	0.032	0.000
Aluminum	0.10%	0.038	0.000	Life Sciences Tools & Services	0.48%	0.023	0.000
Specialized Finance	0.40%	0.037	0.000	Food Retailers	0.31%	0.030	0.000
Specialized REITs	0.71%	0.036	0.000	Gold	0.25%	0.037	0.000
Construction & Engineering	0.29%	0.036	0.000	Environmental Services	0.35%	0.019	0.000
Construction & Farm Machinery	1.14%	0.029	0.000	Healthcare Facilities	0.16%	0.038	0.000
Paper Products	0.14%	0.029	0.000	Personal Products	0.24%	0.022	0.000
Construction Materials	0.10%	0.028	0.000	Food Distributors	0.19%	0.024	0.000
Building Products	0.10%	0.026	0.000	Gas Utilities	0.37%	0.011	0.000
Oil & Gas Equipment	1.60%	0.026	0.000	Education Services	0.15%	0.026	0.000
Hotels	0.33%	0.024	0.000	Healthcare Suppliers	0.12%	0.029	0.000
Thrifts & Mortgages	0.23%	0.024	0.000	Automotive Retailers	0.23%	0.014	0.000
Commercial Printers	0.05%	0.023	0.000	Leisure Products	0.17%	0.014	0.000
ndustrial Conglomerates	2.11%	0.022	0.000	Distillers & Vintners	0.09%	0.027	0.000
Oil & Gas Refining	0.18%	0.022	0.000	Distributors	0.09%	0.020	0.000
Auto Parts & Equipment	0.25%	0.018	0.000	Brewers	0.07%	0.023	0.000
Diversified Chemicals	0.84%	0.016	0.000	Water Utilities	0.03%	0.032	0.000
Dil & Gas Storage	0.33%	0.016	0.000				
Railroads	0.73%	0.015	0.000				
Electrical Components & Equipment	0.63%	0.010	0.000				
Subtotal:	24.38%		-1.08%	Subtotal:	38.53%		0.96%
			/0	Total:	62.91%		-0.13%

While this may seem like something of a minor impact, please remember five-year swap spreads never rise at a convenient time; they rise during financial crises to levels four and five times today's levels. Whenever corporate bonds are being dumped and stocks are on the ropes, that is when players in the interest rate derivatives market decide now is the time to buy insurance. As the swap market worldwide is dominated by a handful of large banks too-big-to-you-know-what, they will avail themselves of the opportunity to engage in another crisis and stick you and me with the tab.

Those banks are the very same ones affected negatively by rising swap spreads. They are gambling with our money once again knowing they, under Dodd-Frank, are "systemically important." Failure: It's the new F-word.